

PHARMACY INSPECTION REPORT North Carolina Board of Pharmacy Investigations and Inspections

6015 Farrington Rd. Suite 201 Chapel Hill, NC 27517-8822 919-246-1050

Firm Name:				Permit:	Permit: Date:				Case:		
Address:				RPh. Providing Info. & License #:							
Туре:				RPh. Mgr. &	RPh. Mgr. & License #						
# of RPhs.: # of Techs:			Rx Volume/D	Н	Hours of Operation:						
Υ	'ES	NO									
			Nor Do	es the Facility perform Na-Sterile Compounding Ses the Facility perform Strile Compounding Section	Section Sterile Compo	•				·	
Does pharmacy ship into other st document permits.)					If yes						
						Compliant					
# Inci	nection	n Items		Requirement		Yes	No	N/A		Comments	
		.15A (a) -	days a	must register with the Bo ofter the date of completing							
2.	90-85	1	ument	atio, if ratio above provide tation. Any technician ab must be certified (docume	ove the 2:1						
90-85.23- PM license, permit and current renewal posted. Licenses and renewals of each F readily available for inspection.											
90-85.25 (b) - PM shall report within 10 days ar accident, theft.			any disaster,								
_	90-85	5.26 (a) - prescriptions preserved for 3 years. (b) - Documentation of alleged medication errors.							_		

		Compliant		nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Ins	pection Items				
6.	90-85.29 (1) - prescription label shall contain a discard date that is earlier of 1 yr. from date dispensed or manuf's exp. date, whichever is earlier. (2) - not obscure exp. date and storage statement when product dispensed in manuf's original container.				
7.	90-85.32 (a) - prescriptions marked PRN not refilled more than 1 yr. after issue date.				
8.	90-85.47 - Quality Assurance Program				
9.	90-93 (3)(d): Sch. V log book or record of disposition.				
10.	90-106.1 (a) - documentation system of photo ID. Kept on premises or central location for 3 years.				
11.	90-113.52 (b) - pseudoephedrine Products kept behind counter. (c) - record of every purchaser, amount of product in grams. (d) - records kept for two 2 years.				
12.	90-113.54 - posting of sign prohibiting sale of more than 2 pkgs (3.6grams total) of pseudoeph. /day, no more than 3 pkgs (9grams total) within 30-day period.				
13.	90-640 (b) - ID badge				
14.	CFR 201.17- Misbranded drugs: Medications stored in pharmacy should be labeled with an expiration date and manufacturer lot number. Note: Return to stock prescription vial with the pharmacy's own label affixed will not be deemed misbranded				
15.	46.106-134.1 (4)(b)- label lacks any requirement listed in the subsection. (px name, name/add. of pharmacy, disp. rph's name, rx #, fill date of rx, prescriber name, dir. for use, name & strength of drug.)				

		Compliant			
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Ins	pection Items				
	46.1601 (a)(2)- posted Pharmacy hours.				
	(4)(A-E)- reference library, hard copy or electronic.				
	(5)- lavatory facilities w/ hot and cold running water;				
	clean, orderly and sanitary.				
	(b)(1)- records are readily retrievable.				
	(b)(2)- toll free number on labels of dispensed				
	medications.				
	(e)- pharmacy permit is countersigned by rph-				
16.	mgr. as represented in the application.				
17	4C 1903 (a) watila limited to wasseribade and are				
17.	46.1802 (a) - refills limited to prescriber's orders.				
	46.1803 - All records pertaining to the filling and refilling of				
	prescriptions shall be available to designated em-				
18.	ployees of the Board during normal business hours.				
	proyects of the board daring normal business hours.				
	46.1806 - proper documentation and handling of trans-				
19.	ferred rxs				
	46.1818 - label shall list generic name of drug, even if una-				
20.	vailable to dispense or generic is not authorized.				
20.	valiable to dispense of generic is not authorized.				
	46.2302 (a)(1-5) - records of dispensing shall be kept for 3				
21.	years.				
	46.2303 - records of prescription filling and refilling shall be				
22.	kept for 3 yrs.				
	46.2304 (1) - produce sight-readable documents.				
	(3) - RPh. responsible for completeness and accuracy				
	of entries, provides documentation that prescrip-				
	tion information entered is correct.				
	(5) - pharmacy has auxiliary recordkeeping system.				
	(7) - current version of drug interactions software is				
23.	utilized				
	46 2205 - To maintain the confidentiality of nationts' are				
	46.2305 - To maintain the confidentiality of patients' pre- scription orders, there must be adequate safe-				
24.	guards or security of the records.				
24.	Buaius of security of the records.				

		C	omplia	nt	_
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Ins	pection Items				
	46.2502 (a) - PM shall assure that rx meds & cs meds are				
	safe/secure within the pharmacy.				
	(b) - PM is present one-half the hrs. the pharmacy is				
	open or 32 hrs. /wk., whichever is less.				
	(d) - system of inventory recordkeeping and control				
	to detect any shortage or discrepancies of cs				
	meds.				
	(e) - control of all keys to pharmacy.				
	(j) - written disaster plan.				
	(k) - separate from the dispensing stock all drugs				
25.	more than 6 months out of date.				
	46.2504 (a) - effective communication of information to the				
	patient(s).				
	(b) - offer to counsel for all new and transfer pre-				
	scriptions.				
26.	(g) - Documentation of refusals.				
	46.3001 (a) - policy/procedure for all out dated, improperly				
	labeled, adulterated damaged or unwanted drugs				
27.	or drug containers are destroyed or disposed.				
	46.3301 (b) - Current registration of a pharmacy tech shall				
28.	be readily available for inspection.				
	CER 1201 75 (b) controlled substances listed in II III IV				
	CFR 1301.75 (b) - controlled substances listed in II, III, IV, and V shall be stored in a substantially con-				
	structed cabinet, or disbursed throughout the				
29.	non-controlled substances				
23.	non-controlled substances				
	CFR 1304.04 (2)(h)(1) - inventories and records of Sch. I & II				
	substances maintained separate				
	from all other records				
	(2)(h)(2)- paper prescriptions for Sch. II sub-				
30.	stances maintained in separate file.				
33.	stances maintained in separate file.				
	CFR 1304.11 (a) - complete/accurate inventory of all cs				
	meds and maintained at the regis-				
	tered location.				
31.	(c) - Biennial inventory.				
	CFR 1305.05 (a) - power of attorney on file at registered				
32.	location.				

		Compliant			
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Ins	pection Items				
33.	CFR 1305.12 (b) - purchaser shall record 1 item on each numbered line. (c) - name/address of supplier on form. Only 1 supplier on any form. (d)- DEA Form 222 properly signed and dated.				
34.	CFR 1305.13 (e) - purchaser must record the number of commercial or bulk containers furnished on each item and dates on which the containers are received.				
35.	CFR 1305.22 Procedure for filling electronic orders. (g) - purchaser receives shipment, purchaser must create a record of the quantity of each item received and date received. Record must be electronically linked to the original order and archived.				
36.	CFR 1305.27 Preservation of electronic orders. (a) purchaser must, for each order filled, retain the original signed order and all linked records for that order for 2 years. Purchaser must also retain all copies of each unaccepted or defective order and each linked statement. (b) supplier must retain each original order filled and the linked records. (Note: 2yrs for Federal Law; 3yrs for NC Law) (c) If electronic order records are maintained on a central server, records must be readily retrievable at the registered location. (Note: 2yrs for Federal Law; 3yrs for NC Law)				
37.	CFR 1306.05 (a) - all cs prescriptions shall bear full name and address of the patient along with date, drug, strength, dosage form, quantity, dirs. for use, and name, address and registration number of practitioner. (d) - computer generated prescription that is printed or faxed must be manually signed				

		Compliant			
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Ins	pection Items				
38.	CFR 1306.08 (3)(b) - pharmacy may fill electronically transmitted prescription for a cs med provided the pharmacy complies with all requirements. A Sch. II order signed by the practitioner.				
39.	CFR 1306.14 (a) - prescription vials labeled for Sch. II display pharmacy name and address, rx #, initial fill date, patient name, practitioner name, dirs. for use and any cautionary statements.				
	CFR 1306.21 (a) - order for Sch. III, IV, or V that is a facsimile				
40.	is signed by practitioner.				
41.	CFR 1306.22 (b) - cs refills entered on a medication record or electronic record must be uniformly maintained and readily retrievable.				
42.	CFR 1306.24 (a) - prescription vials labeled for Sch. III, IV, or V display pharmacy name and address, rx #, initial fill date, patient name, practitioner name, dirs. for use and any cautionary statements.				
	CFR 1306.26 (b) - not more than 8oz. of any cs containing opium, nor more than 4oz. of any other cs; not more than 48 dosage units of any such cs containing opium, nor more than 24 dosage units of any other such cs to the same purchaser in any 48-hr. period. (c) - purchaser at least 18 yoa (d) - furnish suitable ID (e) - maintain log containing name and address of purchaser, name and qty. of cs, date of purchase, name or initials of RPh.				
43.	who dispensed the substance.				
44.	CFR 1311.10 Eligibility to obtain a CSOS digital certificate. (a) - person who signed the most recent DEA registration application or renewal application and a person authorized to sign a registration application. (b) - person granted power of attorney by a DEA registrant to sign orders for one or more schedules of controlled substances.				

		Co	Compliant		
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Insp	pection Items				
	CFR 1311.30 Requirements for storing and using a private key for digitally signing orders.				
	(a) - Only the certificate holder may access or use his or her digital certificate and private key.				
	(b) - The certificate holder must provide FIPS- approved secure storage for the private key, as discussed by FIPS 140-2, 180-2, 186-2, and accom- panying change notices and annexes, as incorpo- rated by reference in §1311.08.				
45.	(c) - A certificate holder must ensure that no one else uses the private key. While the private key is acti- vated, the certificate holder must prevent unau- thorized use of that private key.				
46.	CFR 1311.35 Number of CSOS digital certificates needed. A purchaser of Schedule I and II controlled substances must obtain a separate CSOS certificate for each registered location for which the purchaser will order these controlled substances.				
	CFR 1311.60 Recordkeeping. (a) - supplier and purchaser must maintain records of CSOS electronic orders and any linked records for 2 years. Records may be maintained electronically. Records regarding controlled substances that are maintained electronically must be readily retrievable from all other records. (Note: 2yrs for Federal Law; 3yrs for NC Law) (b) - Electronic records must be easily readable or easily rendered into a format that a person can read. Must be made available to the Ad-				
47.	ministration upon request. (c) - CSOS certificate holders must maintain a copy of the subscriber agreement that the Certification Authority provides for the life of the certificate.				

Note	25

No	Non- sterile Compounding Section								
	ere a designated pharmacist responsible for non-sterile mpounding operations. If yes, Give Name and license number Yes No	Name a	& Licen	se #					
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments				
Gen	eral Information								
	Does this facility compound preparations for office use? (i.e. medications compounded not patient specific pursuant to a valid prescription.)								
	Does the pharmacy compound medications that are also available commercially, (e.g Tadalafil/Sildenafil)? If yes, does the pharmacy compound the medication in a way that is significantly different from the commercially available product? Is there a documented clinical indication for the compounded medication or the use of a different "vehicle"?								
Non	-Sterile Compounding Levels								
Yes	No								
	journal that contains specifics on componer data for the formulation and appropriate Be mercial products that require addition of or	Simple : Making a preparation that has a USP compounding monograph or appears in a peer-reviewed journal that contains specifics on component quantities, compounding procedure, equipment and stability data for the formulation and appropriate Beyond Use Dates (BUD), or Reconstituting or manipulating commercial products that require addition of one or more ingredients as directed by the manufacturer. Examples of Non-Sterile Compounding : Captopril Oral Solution, Indomethacin Topical Gel and Potassium Bro-							
	Moderate : Compounding a preparation that requires special calculations or procedures to determine quantities of components per preparation or per dosage unit. Making a preparation for which stability data is not available for the preparation. Examples of Moderate Non-Sterile Compounding : morphine sulfate suppositories, diphenhydramine troches, or mixture of two or more manufactured creams when stability of the mixture is not known.								
	Complex: Making a preparation that requires special training, environment, facilities, equipment and procedures to ensure appropriate therapeutic outcomes. Examples of Complex Non-Sterile Compounding: transdermal dosage forms, modified-release preparations and suppositories for systemic effects.								
	Hazardous or NIOSH listed: Any drug ident toxicity, genotoxicity or any new drug that in drugs are identified in the National Institute	nimics (existin	g hazar	dous drugs in structure or toxicity. These				

IF PERMIT IS ONLY PERFORMING SIMPLE NON-STERILE COMPOUNDING—ANSWER5 QUESTIONS 50-57 ONLY IF PERMIT IS PERFORMING MODERATE, COMPLEX, AND /OR HAZARDOUS/NIOSH — ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THE NON-STERILE SECTION

		Co		nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Sim	ple Non-sterile Compounding				
50.	.2800 USP <795> and <797>. Simple Non-Sterile Compounding: Making a preparation that has a USP compounding monograph or appears in a peer-reviewed journal that contains specifics on component quantities, compounding procedure, equipment and stability data for the formulation and appropriate Beyond Use Dates (BUD), or reconstituting or manipulating commercial products that require addition of one or more ingredients as directed by the manufacturer.				
	a) Official name, strength, and dosage of preparation.				
52.	b) Name and quantities of all components.				
53.	c) Sources, lot numbers, and expiration dates of components.				
54	d) Name of person who compounded and the person verified the preparation.				
55	e) Date preparation.				
56	f) Assigned BUD.				
57	2g) Description of final preparation.				

		С	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Per	sonnel Training				
58.	Documentation that all personnel that perform compounding are appropriately trained including policy and procedures, compounding documentation, Hazardous drug handling, and compounding technique. This includes pharmacist manager or designated pharmacist				
59.	Documentation that the training includes the operation of any equipment that may be used when preparing compounded products.				
60.	Documentation showing the employee has been trained on the storage, handling, and disposal of Hazardous Drugs.				
61.	Documentation that the training process for the preparation of compounds include demonstration of the compounding procedures, calculations, and finished preparation before being allowed to preform compounding.				
_	Danwingmant		ompliar		Community
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
C	anananta Calastian			,	
	Are Certificates of Analysis (COA) obtained and reviewed for all bulk APIs used for compounding			,	
62.	Are Certificates of Analysis (COA) obtained and re-			•	
62.	Are Certificates of Analysis (COA) obtained and reviewed for all bulk APIs used for compounding Are USP or NF grade components used, if availa-				
62. 63.	Are Certificates of Analysis (COA) obtained and reviewed for all bulk APIs used for compounding Are USP or NF grade components used, if available. If USP— NF components are not available does pharmacy use components that are chemically pure, analytical reagent grade, or American Chemi-				
63. 64.	Are Certificates of Analysis (COA) obtained and reviewed for all bulk APIs used for compounding Are USP or NF grade components used, if available. If USP— NF components are not available does pharmacy use components that are chemically pure, analytical reagent grade, or American Chemical Society certified. All substances or components labeled with a batch control number or lot number, and an expiration				

		C			
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Con	ponents Selection Cont'd				
	Ingredients used for dietary or nutritional supple-				
	ments meet USP, Food Chemical Codex (FCC), or				
	NF Standards, or does the pharmacy have alter-				
	nate means to determine if the ingredients meet				
68.	food-grade quality.				
	Compounded medications for Veterinary applica-				
69.	tion labeled to indicate "Veterinary Use "				
	There are no preparations made or ingredients				
	used that appear on the FDA list of drugs products				
	withdrawn or removed from the market for safety				
70.	reasons.				
		C	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Bey	ond Use Dating				
	Documentation on Compounding record of BUD				
71.	assigned				
	Compliance with USP 795:				
	A) For Non aqueous Formulations— the BUD is				
	not later than the time remaining until the ear-				
	liest expiration date of any API or 6 months				
	which ever is earlier.				
	B) For Water-Containing Oral Formulations—The				
	BUD is not later than 14 days when stored at				
	controlled cold temperatures				
	C) For Water-Containing Topical/Dermal and Mu-				
	cosal Liquid and Semisolid Formulations—The				
72.	BUD is not later than 30 days				
	If the beyond-use dates are exceeded the pharma-				
	cy must have supporting valid scientific stability				
	information that is directly applicable to the spe-				
	cific preparation (i.e., the same drug concentration				
73.	range, pH, excipients, vehicle, water content, etc.).				
, J.	range, pri, excipients, venicie, water content, etc.).	٦	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
	ter Formulation Records				
	Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage				
74	form of the preparation (ISMP guidelines, no Abbreviations).				
/ ↔.	ui eviations).				

		С	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Mas	ster Formulation Records				
75.	Calculations needed to determine and verify quantities of components and doses of active pharmaceutical ingredients (API)				
76.	Description of all ingredients and their quantities				
77.	Compatibility and stability information, including references when available				
78.	Equipment needed to prepare the preparation, when appropriate				
	Mixing instructions that should include:				
	a. order of mixing				
	b. mixing temperatures or other environ- mental controls				
	c. duration of mixing				
	d. other factors pertinent to the replica-				
79.	tion of the preparation as compounded				
	Sample label information, which shall contain, in addition to legally required information:				
	 a. generic name and quantity or concen- tration of each active ingredient 				
	b. assigned BUD				
	c. storage conditions				
80.	 d. prescription or control number, which- ever is applicable. 				
80.	ever is applicable.		Complia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Con	npounding Record				
	Container used in dispensing				
82.	Packaging and storage requirements				
83.	Description of final preparation				
84.	Quality control procedures and expected results				
O.F.	Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage form of the preparation; (ISMP guidelines no abbreviations).				
υJ.	or eviations).				

		C	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Con	npounding Record Con't				
	Master Formulation Record reference for the				
86.	preparation .				
87.	Names and quantities of all components.				
	Sources, lot numbers, and expiration dates of				
88.	components.				
89	Total quantity compounded.				
03.	Name of the person who prepared the prepara-				
	tion, name of the person who performed the qual-				
	ity control procedures, and name of the com-				
90.	pounder who approved the preparation.				
	_				
91.	Date of preparation.				
92.	Assigned control or prescription number.				
93.	Assigned BUD				
	Duplicate label as described in the Master Formu-				
94	lation Record.				
		C	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Com	pounding Environment				
	pounding Environment				
	Results of QC procedures documented (weight				
95.	Results of QC procedures documented (weight				
95.	Results of QC procedures documented (weight range of filled capsules, pH of aqueous liquids, etc).				
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		C	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Com	pounding Environment Cont.				
100.	Ventilated Cabinet (Powder Containment Hood) certified or tested according to manufacturer specifications. Documentation required.				
101.	Hood prefilters are checked and replaced regularly.				
102.	Pharmacy has sink located in the compounding area with hot and cold water, soap or detergent, air-driers or single use towels				
103.	Pharmacy has adequate space to wash equipment and utensils including access to water for rinsing.				
104.	Appropriate temperature and humidity monitors maintained and documented.				
105.	Bulk ingredients stored in a clean and sanitary condition.				
106.	Appropriate protective attire (gloves, gowns, mask, etc) are available including appropriate PPE for Hazardous Drug Compounding. (See NIOSH alert)				
107.	Hazardous drugs are stored, prepared, and handled by appropriately trained personnel under conditions that protect the healthcare worker and other personnel (OSHA regulations and NIOSH Alert).				
108.	Trash is disposed of in a safe and sanitary manner in accordance with state and federal regulations including Hazardous waste.				
		С	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Com	pounding Equipment				
109.	Utensils used for compounding are neither reactive nor additive, and therefore will not affect or alter the purity of the compounded preparation.				
110.	Appropriate equipment and utensils are available and cleaned regularly throughout the compounding process. Appropriate cleaning policies and procedures followed.				

		C	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Com	oounding Equipment Cont'd				
111.	Scales, balances, or other equipment used for measurement are validated and calibrated at least annually. (See USP 1176)				
112.	The pharmacy uses separate equipment and utensils to compound allergenic, cytotoxic, or hazardous products, or has detailed procedures for cleaning of equipment and utensils immediately after use to prevent cross-contamination or exposure.				
		C	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Finis	hed Preparation Release Checks and Tests				
113.	Is the finished preparation checked to ensure it appears as expected in the master formulation record.				
114.	Final completed preparations assessed for weight, mixing, clarity, odor, consistency, pH, and strength. This is documented.				
115.	There are established written policies and procedures that describe tests or examinations conducted on the compounded preparation to ensure uniformity and integrity.				
116.	Labels on immediate patient specific container need to include in addition to all legally required elements, identifiers for the person preparing the compound and performing the final verification, BUD, an indication that this is a compound, special storage requirements, and appropriate packing and labeling for Hazardous materials				
117.	For Batch preparations (in anticipation of prescriptions) are of appropriate volume, labeled with official name, quantity of all contents, date and time of the preparation, preparer, and verifying RPh, the correct BUD, and any auxiliary labels including appropriate packaging and labeling of hazardous materials.				

#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
	ned Preparation Release Checks and Tests	100		1471	
	Preparations are stored properly prior to dispensing based upon conditions which BUD was assigned.				
	Preparations are examined immediate after preparation and prior to dispensing				
		С	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Qual	ity Assurance				
	Pharmacy has/keeps quality related event reports for compounded products. The facility QA program identifies action limits or				
	thresholds and the appropriate follow up mechanism when action limits or thresholds are exceeded including a recall system.				
122.	The pharmacy has a recall system in place to communicate with the patients and physicians regarding affected compounded products.				
		Notes			

Notes

Ste	erile Compounding Section				
Steri	le Compounding Level	Is	there a	designa	ated pharmacist responsible for sterile com-
	Low Risk	р	oundin	g operat	ions. If yes, Give Name and license number
	Low Risk - 12 hr				Yes No
	Immediate Use	Nam	e:		
	Medium Risk				
	High Risk	Licer	nse #:		
	Hazardous or NIOSH Listed				
	General Information				
#	General Information	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
115.	Does this facility compound preparations for office use? (i.e. medications compounded not patient specific pursuant to a valid prescription.) Does the pharmacy compound medications that are also available commercially? If yes, does the pharmacy compound the medication in a way that is significantly different from the commer-				
116.	cially available product? Is there a documented clinical indication for the compounded medication or the use of a different "vehicle"?				
		С	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Finding
Facili	ty Design				
117.	PEC ISO 5 in non-controlled room - segregated - 12hr BUD only (Low risk only).				
118.	CAI and CACI placed in an ISO 7 buffer area unless: maintains ISO class 5 during dynamic operations, transfer of ingredients during compounding preparations.				
	PEC ISO 5 located in Buffer with anteroom (solid walls) Buffer maintains ISO 7.				
120.	Pressure differential 0.02- 0.05 between rooms - must have magnahelix or pressure gauge & documented daily.				

		C	ompliar	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Finding
Facili	ty Design				
121.	PEC ISO 5 located in Buffer without anteroom - must have 40 FPM or 0.2 meters/second airflow across line of demarcation (need meter) - only low & medium risk allowed. Needs to be documented.				
122.	No Ledges.				
123.	Buffer area well lighted.				
124.	Maintains comfortable temperature.				
125.	Pre-sterilization area with Powder containment hood for high risk compounding (weighing and measuring) must be ISO 8 with 20 ACPH. NOTE: Must be fully garbed and gloved and garbing and gloving must be changed prior to entering ISO 7 Clean room. Cannot be in Buffer. Only the furniture, equipment, supplies and other material required for the compounding activities are brought into the area and they are non-permeable, non-shedding, cleanable, and resistant to disinfectants; before such items are brought into the area, they are cleaned and dis-				
	Wall to floor coved or caulked to avoid cracks				
	and crevices where dirt can accumulate.				
128. 129.	Buffer area has no sink or floor drain. Clean room grade ceiling tiles that are impervious.				
130.	Ceiling tiles caulked. (Note no gaskets)				
131.	Carts are stainless steel wire or solid shelving with cleanroom casters.				
132.	Storage shelving, counters and cabinets are smooth, impervious, free from cracks and crevices, non-shedding, cleanable and disinfectable; their number, design and manner of installation promotes effective cleaning and disinfection.				

		С	ompliar	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Facil	ity Design cont'd				
133.	The surfaces of ceilings, walls, floors, fixtures, shelving, counters and cabinets in the buffer area are smooth, impervious, free from cracks and crevices and non-shedding; the surfaces are resistant to damage by disinfectant agents.				
134.	No cardboard within the buffer or ante room				
	Storage kept at a minimum Trash removed on a regular basis with minimal agitation				
137.	Lights have flush mounted smooth surfaces				
138.	Penetrations through walls sealed Hazardous compounding in separate room and room negative 0.01 as well as ISO 7 documented				
	daily. Anteroom between Positive pressure and nega-				
	tive pressure clean rooms must be ISO 7 Low Use Exemption (3 doses per week) BSC or				
141.	CACI in non negative pressure with the use of a Closed system transfer device.				
		C	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Clear	ning and Disinfecting				
	Cleaning and Disinfecting SOP documented Cleanliness of facility is evident, no dust on PEC				
143.	or other equipment PEC cleaned at the beginning of each shift, before each batch, not longer than 30 minutes if on				
144.	going compounding, after spills, and when sur- faces are contaminated with sterile IPA				
145.	Counters and easily cleanable work surfaces cleaned daily				
146.	Floors cleaned daily				
147.	Walls, Ceilings, and storage shelves cleaned monthly				
148.	Use of low shedding wipes.				
149.	Use of Sterile 70 % IPA and appropriate disinfectant . (See USP 1072)				

		С	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Certifi	ication-ACPH/Filter Integrity				
C	Cleanroom and PEC certifications performed at				
150. le	east every six months.				
	Anteroom has 20 ACPH per CETA guidelines.				
	Buffer area has 30 ACPH (maximum 15 ACPH				
152. C	can be provided by the PEC).				
152	HEPA Filters leak tested and documented.				
	ACPH measured and documented for all ISO Clas-				
	sified areas.				
	PEC HEPA Filter Leak test performed and docu-				
	mented.				
	PEC HEPA Filter air velocity testing performed				
	and documented.				
130. a	and documented.				
Р	PEC has a dynamic Air pattern Analysis (smoke				
S	study) performed and documented. Certification				
	done under dynamic conditions with staff simu-				
157. la	ating activities.				
			ompliar		
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
_	onmental Monitoring—Non Viable				
	Particle Count of ISO 5 PEC (LAFW,BSC,CAI,CACI)				
1	performed every 6 months or more frequently.				
158. N	Note Frequency.				
158. N	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5				
158. N	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 um and larger size per cubic meter of air for any				
158. N	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 µm and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI.				
158. M /4 159. L	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 um and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI. Particulate count of ISO7 buffer performed eve-				
158. M /4 159. L	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 µm and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI.				
158. N	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 um and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI. Particulate count of ISO7 buffer performed eve-				
158. N H 159. L 160. r	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 µm and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI. Particulate count of ISO7 buffer performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note frequency.				
158. N 4 159. L 160. r	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI. Particulate count of ISO7 buffer performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note frequency. Action Level: not more than 352,000 particles of				
158. N 159. L 160. r 161. a	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 µm and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI. Particulate count of ISO7 buffer performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note frequency. Action Level: not more than 352,000 particles of 0.5 µm size and larger per cubic meter of air for				
158. N 159. L 160. r 161. a	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 Jum and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI. Particulate count of ISO7 buffer performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note frequency. Action Level: not more than 352,000 particles of 0.5 µm size and larger per cubic meter of air for any buffer area.				
158. N 159. L 160. r 161. a	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 µm and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI. Particulate count of ISO7 buffer performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note frequency. Action Level: not more than 352,000 particles of 0.5 µm size and larger per cubic meter of air for any buffer area. Particulate count of ISO 8 ante performed every				
158. N 159. L 160. r 161. a	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 µm and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI. Particulate count of ISO7 buffer performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note frequency. Action Level: not more than 352,000 particles of 0.5 µm size and larger per cubic meter of air for any buffer area. Particulate count of ISO 8 ante performed every 6 months or more frequently - Note Frequency				
158. N 159. L 160. r 161. a 162. 8	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 Jum and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI. Particulate count of ISO7 buffer performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note frequency. Action Level: not more than 352,000 particles of 0.5 µm size and larger per cubic meter of air for any buffer area. Particulate count of ISO 8 ante performed every 6 months or more frequently - Note Frequency and Type of Media used (Best practice Bacterial)				
158. N 159. L 160. r 161. a 162. 8	Note Frequency. Action Level: not more than 3520 particles 0.5 Jum and larger size per cubic meter of air for any LAFW, BSC, CAI, and CACI. Particulate count of ISO7 buffer performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note frequency. Action Level: not more than 352,000 particles of 0.5 µm size and larger per cubic meter of air for any buffer area. Particulate count of ISO 8 ante performed every 6 months or more frequently - Note Frequency and Type of Media used (Best practice Bacterial & Fungal growth supported media).				

		C	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Envi	onmental Monitoring—Viable				
	Does pharmacy have an environmental sampling				
164.	plan?				
	Surface Testing of ISO 5 PEC				
	(LAFW,BSC,CAI,CACI) performed every 6 months				
	or more frequently. Note Frequency and Type				
	of Media used (Best practice Bacterial & Fungal				
165.	growth supported media).				
166	Action level for ISO 5 PEC Surface Testing: >3				
166.	CFUs.				
	Surface Testing of ISO 7 Buffer Room with TSA				
	performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note Frequency and Type of Media used (Best				
167	practice Bacterial & Fungal growth supported media.				
107,	Action Level for ISO 7 Buffer Surface Testing:				
160	>5CFUs.				
108.	Surface Testing of ISO 8 Ante Room with TSA				
	performed every 6 months or more frequently.				
	Note Frequency and Type of Media used (Best				
	practice Bacterial & Fungal growth supported				
169	media).				
	Action Level for ISO 8 Ante room Surface Testing				
170.	>100 CFUs.				
	Air Impact Sampling of ISO 5 PEC (LAFW, BSC,				
	CAI, CACI) with TSA performed every 6 months				
171.	or more frequently. Note Frequency.				
	Air Impact Sampling of ISO 5 PEC (LAFW, BSC,				
	CAI, CACI) with Fungal Specific Media performed				
	every 6 months or more frequently. Note Fre-				
	quency (Required for High Risk Only, best prac-				
172.	tice for Medium & Low Risk).				
173.	Action Level for ISO 5 PEC Air Sampling:>1 CFU.				
	Air Impact Sampling of ISO 7 Buffer Room with				
174	TSA performed every 6 months or more fre-				
1/4.	quently. Note Frequency.				
	Air Impact Sampling of ISO 7 Buffer Room with				
	Fungal Specific Media performed every 6 months				
	or more frequently. Note Frequency (Required				
	High Risk Only, Best Practice for Medium and				
175.	Low Risk).				

		C	ompliar	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Envi	ronmental Monitoring—Viable				
176.	Action Level for ISO 7 Buffer Air Sampling:>10 CFUs.				
177.	Air Impact Sampling of ISO 8 Ante Room with TSA performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note Frequency.				
178.	Air Impact Sampling of ISO 8 Ante Room with Fungal Specific Media performed every 6 months or more frequently. Note Frequency (Required for High Risk Only, Best Practice for Medium & Low Risk).				
179.	Acton Level for ISO 8 Ante Room Air Sampling: >100 CFUs.				
180.	Volume of Air collected is 400-1000 liters.				
181.	Fingertip testing of Personnel (one plate on each hand) performed during/after compounding (action level:>3 CFUs combined).				
		C	omplia	nt	
#	Requirement	Vaa	NI -		Commonto
		Yes	No	N/A	Comments
	pounding Record	res	NO	N/A	Comments
Com	pounding Record Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage form of the preparation	res	No	N/A	Comments
Com 182.	pounding Record Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage	res	No	N/A	Comments
182. 183.	pounding Record Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage form of the preparation Master Formulation Record reference for the	Tes	No	N/A	Comments
182. 183. 184.	pounding Record Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage form of the preparation Master Formulation Record reference for the preparation.	Tes	NO	N/A	Comments
182. 183. 184.	Pounding Record Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage form of the preparation Master Formulation Record reference for the preparation. Names and quantities of all components Sources, lot numbers, and expiration dates of	Tes	No	N/A	Comments
182. 183. 184. 185.	pounding Record Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage form of the preparation Master Formulation Record reference for the preparation. Names and quantities of all components Sources, lot numbers, and expiration dates of components.	Tes	NO	N/A	Comments
182. 183. 184. 185. 186.	Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage form of the preparation Master Formulation Record reference for the preparation. Names and quantities of all components Sources, lot numbers, and expiration dates of components. Total quantity compounded Name of the person who prepared the preparation, name of the person performed the quality control procedures, and name of the compound-	Tes	NO	N/A	Comments
182. 183. 184. 185. 186.	Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage form of the preparation Master Formulation Record reference for the preparation. Names and quantities of all components Sources, lot numbers, and expiration dates of components. Total quantity compounded Name of the person who prepared the preparation, name of the person performed the quality control procedures, and name of the compounder who approved the preparation.	Tes	NO	N/A	

	Compliant				
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Com	pounding Record Con't				
	Duplicate label as described in the Master For-				
191.	mulation Record				
192.	Description of the final preparation.				
	Documentation of any quality control issues and				
	any adverse reactions or preparation problems				
193.	reported by patient or caregiver.				
	For Terminally Sterilized preparations: Filter in-				
	tergrity (bubble point) test results, along with lot				
	number and expiration date of the filter, or bio-				
	logical indicator testing for steam sterilization				
	(autoclave), or bacterial endotoxin testing of				
194.	ECVs for dry heat sterilization.				
			Compli	ant	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Mas	ter Formulation Records				
	Official or assigned name, strength, and dosage				
195.	form of the preparation				
	Calculations needed to determine and verify				
	quantities of components and doses of active				
196.	pharmaceutical ingredients (API).				
	Description of all ingredients and their quanti-				
197.	,				
137.					
	Compatibility and stability information, including				
198.	references when available.				
	Equipment needed to prepare the preparation,				
100	when appropriate.				
155.	Mixing instructions that should include:				
	-				
	a. order of mixing				
	b. mixing temperatures or other environ-				
	mental controls				
	c. duration of mixing				
	d. other factors pertinent to the replica-				
	tion of the preparation as compound-				
200.	ed				
200.	ed				

		С	Compliant		
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Mas	ter Formulation Records				
	Sampling labeling information, which shall con-				
	tain, in addition to legally required information:				
	a. generic name and quantity or concen- tration of each active ingredient				
	b. assigned BUD				
	c. storage conditions				
201.	d. prescription or control number, which- ever is applicable				
202.	Container used in dispensing.				
203.	Packaging and storage requirements.				
204.	Description of final preparation.				
205.	Quality control procedures and expected results.				
		(Compliant		
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Steri	le BUD—In the absence of sterility testing				
206.	Low Risk: 48 hrs Room Temperature; 14 days Refrigerated & 45 days Frozen.				
	Medium Risk: 30 hrs Room Temperature; 9 days Refrigerated & 45 days Frozen.				
208.	High Risk: 24 hrs Room Temperature; 3 days Refrigerated & 45 days Frozen.				
	Dogwinsmont	Yes	Complia		Commonts
# Exte	Requirement nded Sterile BUD—with USP <71> compliant ste-	162	No	N/A	Comments
	testing				
209.	Any Literature Used documented.				
210.	Potency over time testing.				
211.	Stability indicating assay.				

		Compliant			
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Exter	nded Sterile BUD—with USP <71> compliant ste-				
rility	testing				
	Method suitability performed per compound				
	documented.				
	Membrane filtration testing (preferred over di-				
213.	rect inoculation).				
214.	Equivalent testing to membrane testing.				
			omplia		
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Num	ber of Items to be Tested (Per USP <71>)				
	Parenteral Preparations - Zero - 100 containers -				
	4 or 10% whichever is greater . 101 - 500 contain-				
	ers - 10. 501 or more containers - 20 or 2%				
	whichever is less Large Volume - 10 or 2% which-				
215.	ever is less (give examples of each).				
	Antibiotic Solids - Pharmacy bulk packages <5g -				
	20 pharmacy bulk packages >5g - 6.				
216.	Bulks and Blends - See Bulk Solid Products				
	Ophthalmics or other non-injectable prepara-				
	tions - If product is in single dose containers -				
	same as parenteral; otherwise <200 containers -				
	2 or 5% whichever is greater >200 containers -				
217.	10				
	Bulk Solid Products - Zero - 4 containers - Each				
	container 5 - 50 containers - 4 or 20% whichever				
	is greater 51 or more containers - 10 or 2%				
218.	whichever is greater.				
 		1	Complia		
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Bacte	erial Endotoxin Testing				
	All High Risk Level CSPs in batches of >25 identi-				
219.	cal individual single dose packages .				
	All High Risk Level CSPs in Multiple Dose Vials				
220					
220.	(MDVs) for administration to multiple patients.				

#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Bacte	erial Endotoxin Testing				
221.	All High Risk Level CSPs that are exposed longer than 12 hours at 2 - 8 degrees C OR exposed longer than 6 hours above 8 degrees C.				
			ompliar		_
	Requirement onnel Training File: Documentation of didactic, rvational & writing testing for:	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
	Calculations (1160) See USP 1160. People who fail testing are retrained, reevaluated, and pass testing prior to resuming compounding.				
224.	Aseptic Technique (should include observational checklist).				
225.	Must pass media fill prior to initiation of compounding then 1 every 12 months for Low & Medium Risk and every 6 months for high risk. All media fills should mimic most complex manipulations of pharmacy regardless of risk level & should be performed when staff is at their worst.				
226.	Hand cleansing (should include observational checklist).				
227.	Inspection and final release of preparations .				
228.	Fingertip test documentation for Glove Fingertip Testing x 3 initially with Zero CFUs, during process GFT, 1 every 12 months for Low & Medium Risk and every 6 months for high risk with <3 CFUs; documentation must include lot, exp., & staff involved.				
229.	Cleaning and disinfecting of compounding surfaces & facility on daily and monthly basis (should include observational checklist).				
230.	NIOSH regulated compounding - Don appropriate PPEs gowns, face masks, eye protection, hair covers, shoe covers or dedicated shoes, double glove with sterile chemo-type gloves.				

#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Perso	onnel Training File: Documentation of didactic,				
	vational & writing testing for:				
	Protect personnel and environment from pow-				
	ders and cross contamination by using powder				
231.	containment.				
232.	Identify, weigh and measure ingredients.				
	Training in sterilization and depyrogenation				
	techniques such as: autoclaving, sterile filtra-				
	tion, dry heat sterilization and dry heat depyro-				
233.	genation, etc.				
		C	Complia	nt	
#	Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments
Perso	nnel Training File: Gowning and Garbing				
	Gowning, Garbing, and Gloving should include				
23/	observational checklist & personnel file.				
254.	observational effective a personner me.				
	Staff removes all outer garments (coats, hats,				
235.	jackets, scarves, sweaters, and vests).				
	Staff removes all cosmetics and all visible jewel-				
236.	ry or piercings.				
	Staff dons shoe covers, head covers, beard co-				
237.	vers (if applicable), and face masks.				
	Hand cleansing is performed by cleaning debris				
	under finger nails using a disposable nail pick,				
	and vigorous hand washing to forearms for at				
	least 30 seconds. Use of lint free disposable				
238.	towels. Staff dons gowns that are non-shedding with				
	sleeves that fit snuggly around the wrist and				
	encloses neck. Note: Gowns can be reused for				
	on shift only. Hair covers, shoe covers, beard				
	covers, face mask, and gloves can only be used				
239.	one time.				
	Once inside the buffer, antiseptic hand cleans-				
	ing is performed using a waterless alcohol				
240.	based surgical scrub with persistent activity.				
241.	Staff dons sterile powder free gloves.				
2.42	For CAI and CACI sterile gloves must be donned				
242.,	over the gauntlet gloves.				

Notes	
Inspector Signature: Date:	
By Checking this box, I acknowledge that by my signature I have reviewed this inspection report with the investigator.	

Date:

November 2016 30

Pharmacist Signature :

E-mail Address: